

Superconducting Magnets for FAIR

BSBF 2022, Granada (Spain), 6th of October

Christian Roux

FAIR – experimental program



NUSTAR

Nuclear Structure, Astrophysics and Reactions: Stars and nuclei
(850 scientists)

CBM

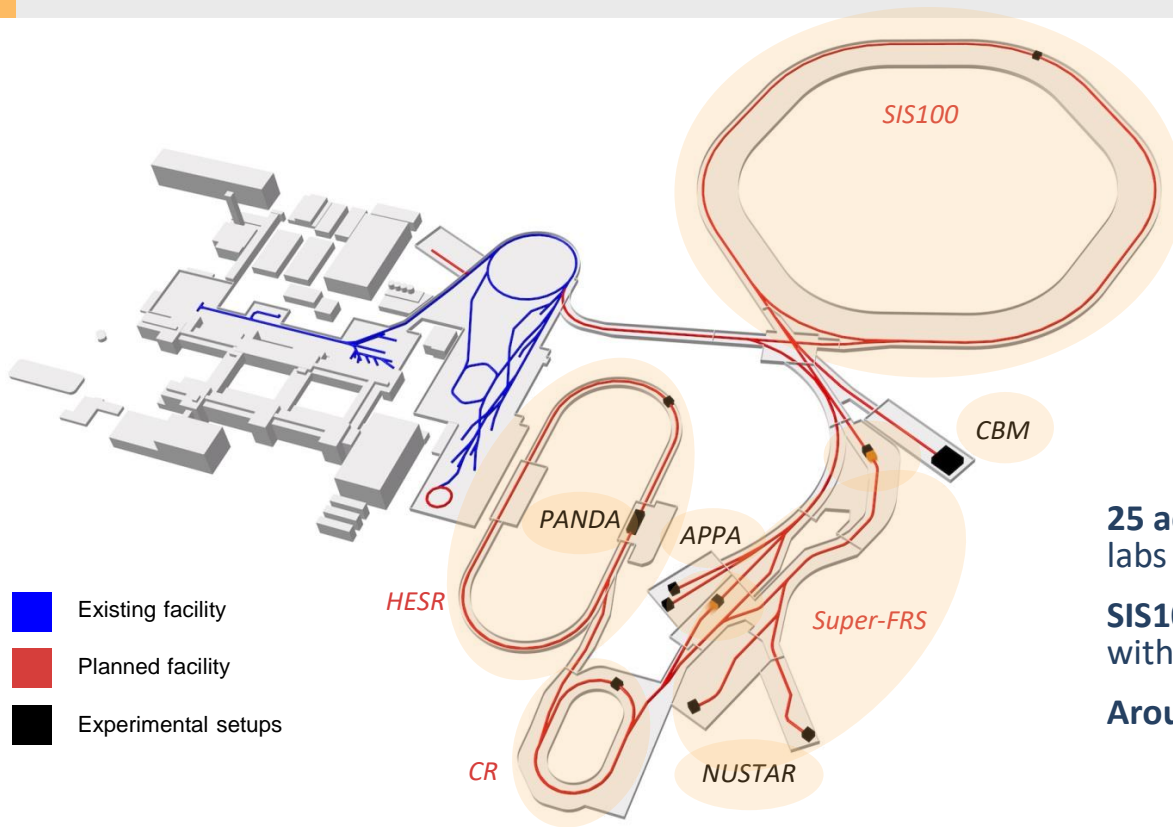
Compressed Baryonic Matter:
Inside a neutron star
(500 scientists)

PANDA

Antiproton-Annihilation at Darmstadt:
Hadron physics with antiprotons
(500 scientists)

APPA

Atomic, Plasma Physics and Applications:
From atoms to planets to cancer research
(720 scientists)



- Existing facility
- Planned facility
- Experimental setups

Experimental Setups

four main pillars

SIS100 heavy-ion synchrotron

high intensity primary beams

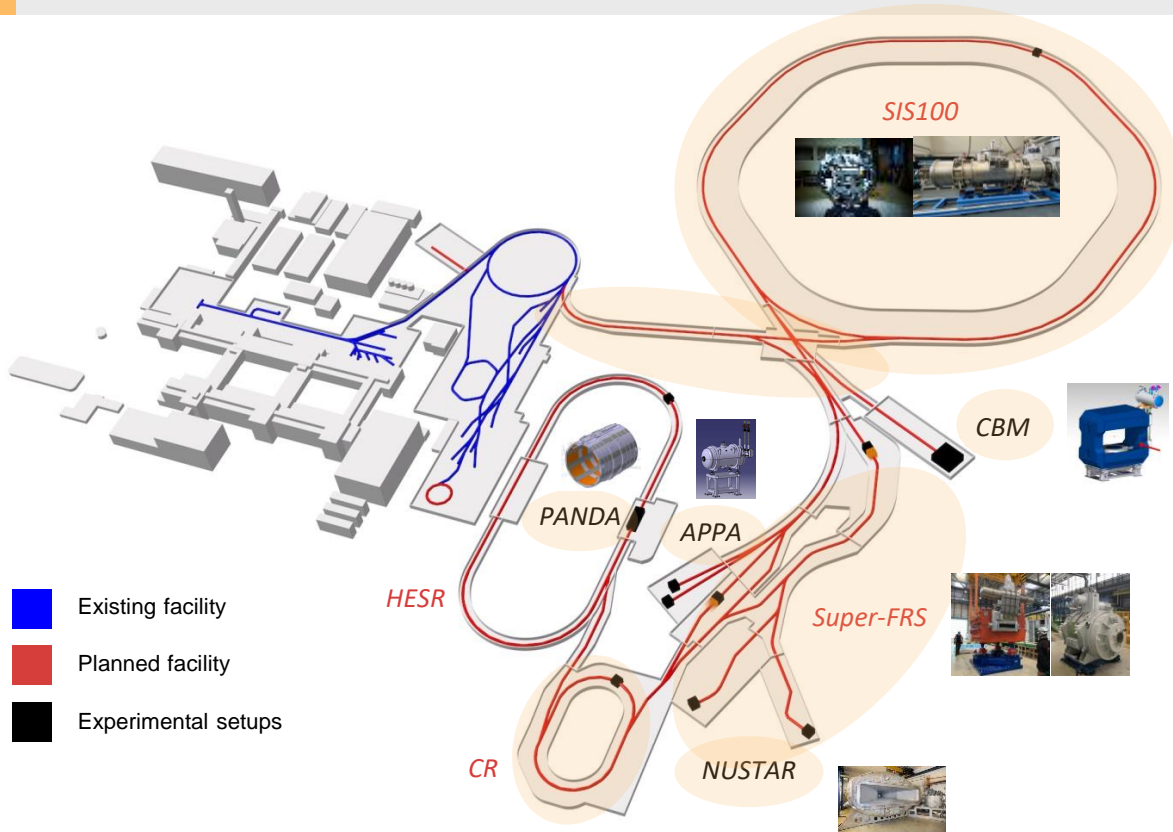
Production targets

- exotic nuclei
- anti-protons

25 accelerator and experimental structures,
labs + operation and supply structures

SIS100: underground ring
with a circumference of approx. 1,100 m

Around 150,000 m² of total area
collection and storage



SIS100

- 108 dipoles
- 83 quadrupole doublets

Super-FRS

- 24 dipoles
- 33 multiplets with up to 9 magnets

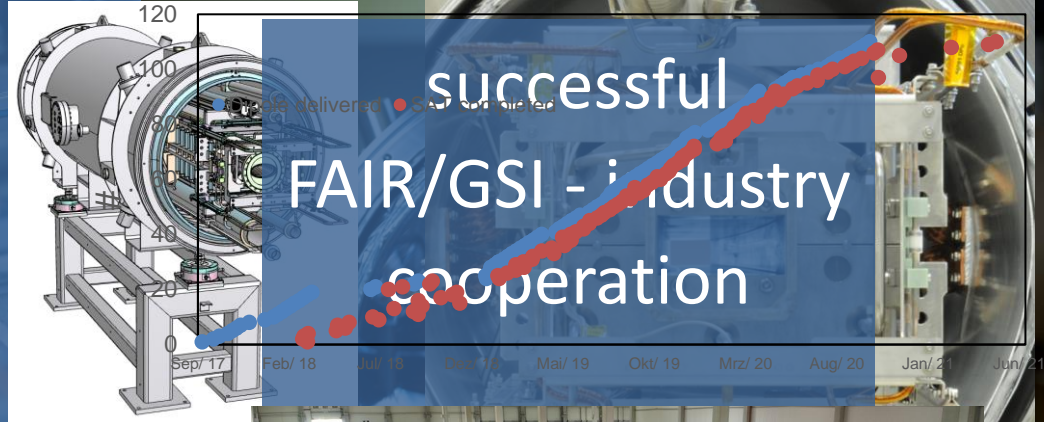
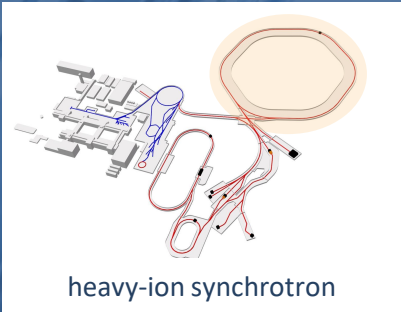
experimental setups

CBM, APPA, PANDA, NUSTAR

under consideration

- collector ring
- beam lines

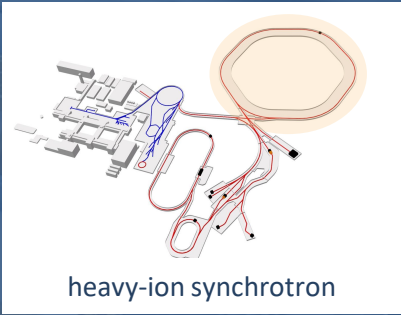
SIS100 – dipole series



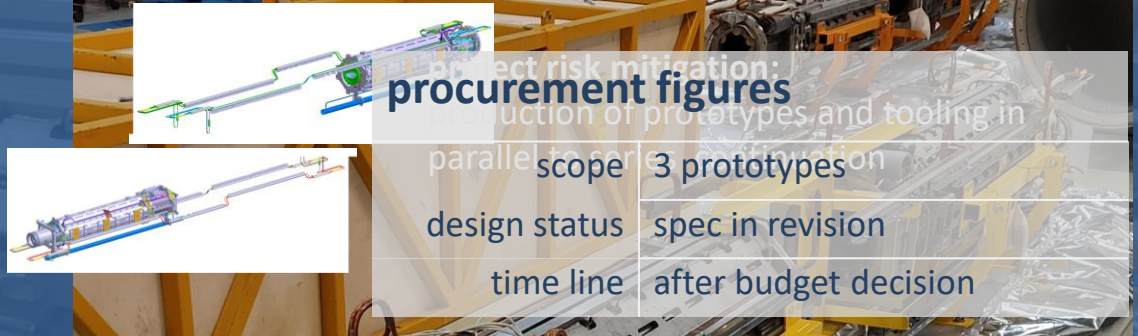
| | |
|------------|---|
| design | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>superferric, Nuclotron cable</i>• <i>forced-flow cooling</i>• <i>fast ramped</i> |
| dimensions | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>aperture: $h = 68$ mm</i>• <i>3 t</i> |
| field | <i>1.9 T with 4 T/s</i> |
| current | <i>13.2 kA</i> |



SIS100 – quadrupole units & doublets



heavy-ion synchrotron



Project risk mitigation: procurement figures

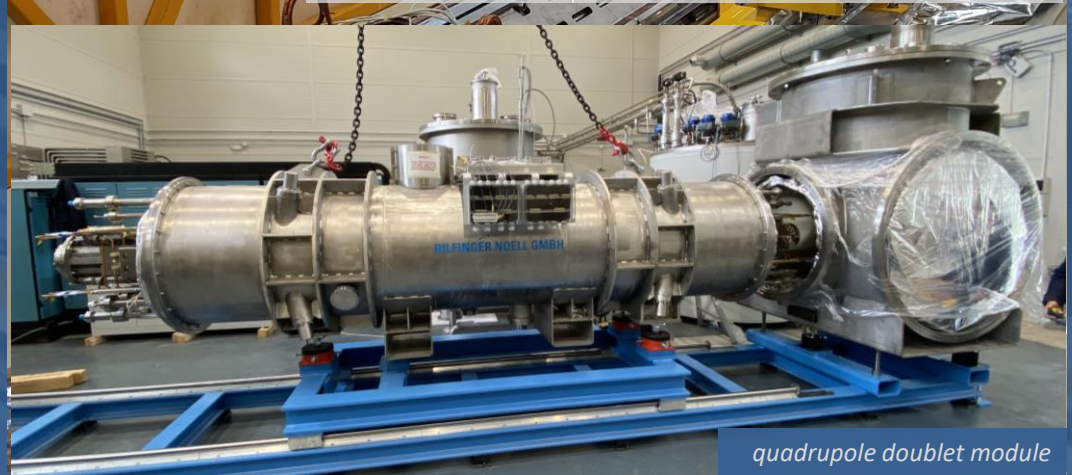
production of prototypes and tooling in

parallel to serial production

scope 3 prototypes

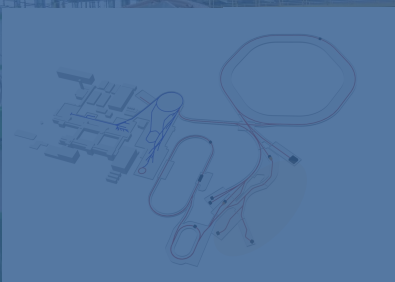
design status spec in revision

time line after budget decision



quadrupole doublet module

| | |
|------------|---|
| design | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• superferric, Nuclotron type cable• forced flow cooling• fast ramped |
| dimensions | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• aperture: $d = 100$ mm• units: 1.2 t (without cryostat) |
| gradient | 28 T/m |
| current | 10.5 kA |



mass separator

short multiplet

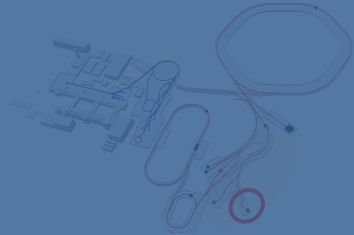
dipole

long multiplet

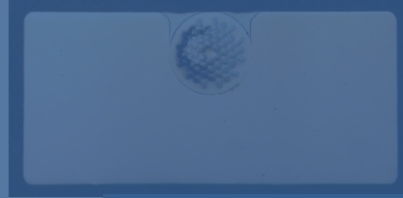
| | |
|---------------------|---|
| technology | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• (mostly) superferric• bath/thermosiphon cooling• (quasi-)dc |
| dimensions | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• large aperture warm bore (380 mm)• up to 70 t |
| current | < 300 A |
| # of magnets | 32 multiplets (with up to 9 magnets) 24 dipoles |

- series production ongoing
- testing at CERN/Geneva

Super-FRS – Needs for Energy Buncher Magnets



mass separator



Cu/NbTi wire

procurement figures

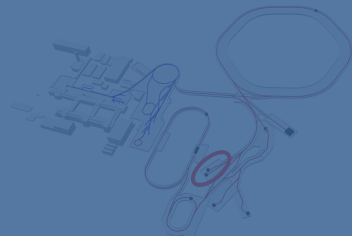
| | |
|---------------|---------------------|
| scope | three dipoles |
| design status | spec by end of 2022 |
| time line | 2025 assumed |



energy buncher dipole

| | |
|-----------------------|--|
| design | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>superferric, racetrack</i>• <i>thermosiphon cooling</i>• <i>self protecting</i> |
| dimensions | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>large aperture: 500 mm × 140 mm</i>• <i>75 t</i> |
| field strength | <i>1.6 T</i> |
| current | <i>< 300 A</i> |

APPA: final focusing quadrupoles

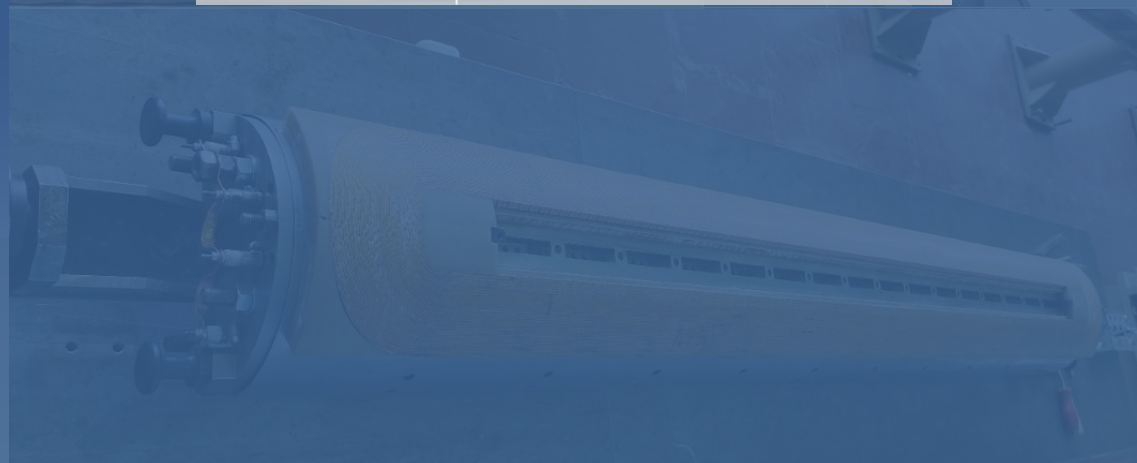


beam focusing for high energy density on target

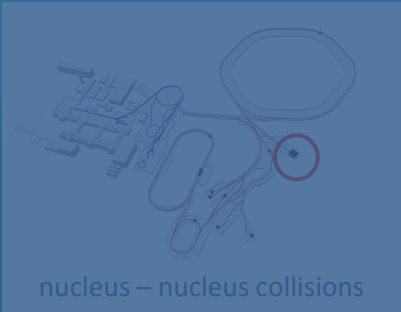
procurement figures

| | |
|---------------|-----------------------|
| scope | four quadrupoles |
| design status | spec available |
| time line | after budget decision |

| | |
|------------|---|
| design | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• $\cos \Theta$, Rutherford type• forced-flow cooling |
| dimensions | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• aperture: $d = 198$ mm• ~ 8 t |
| gradient | 33 T/m |
| current | 6 kA |



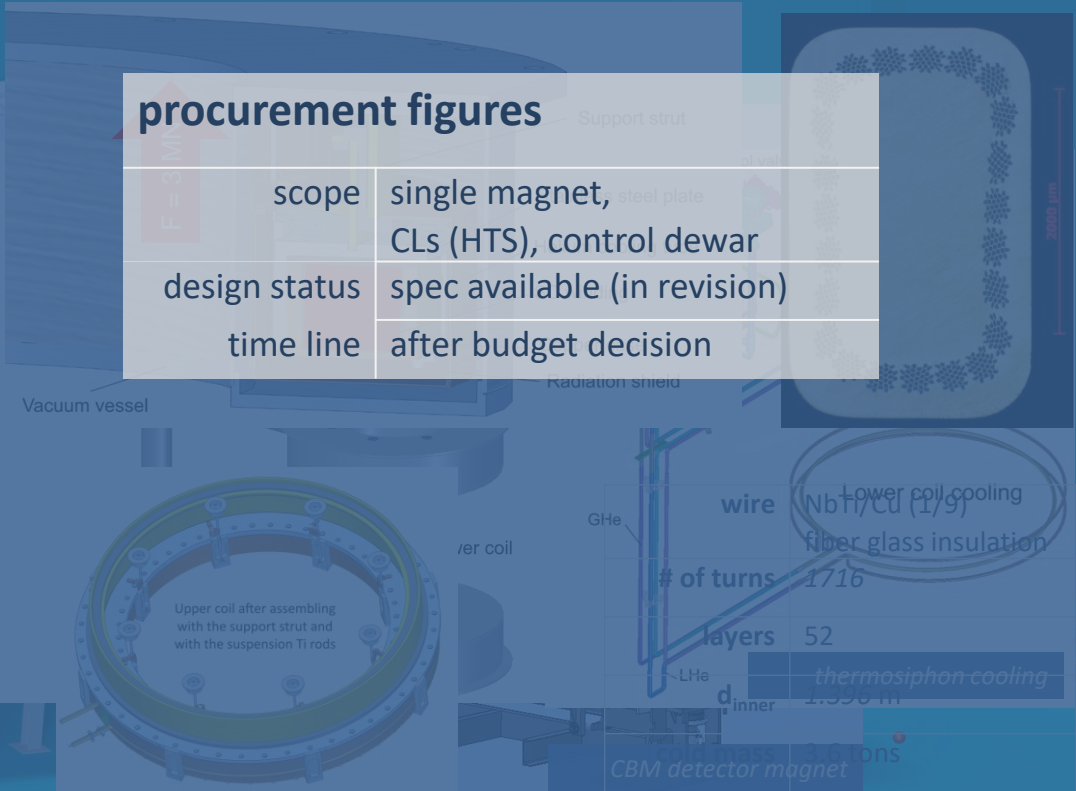
CBM: detector magnet



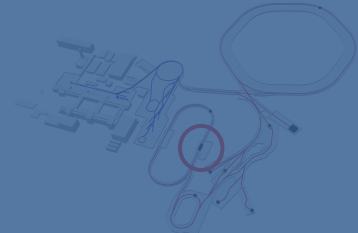
procurement figures

| | |
|---------------|--|
| scope | single magnet, steel plate CLs (HTS), control dewar |
| design status | spec available (in revision) |
| time line | after budget decision |

| | |
|-----------------------|--|
| design | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>superferric, racetrack</i> • <i>thermosiphon cooling</i> • <i>self protecting</i> |
| dimensions | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>huge aperture: 1.44 m × 3.0 m</i> • <i>150 t</i> |
| field strength | 1 T |
| current | 666 A |



PANDA: detector magnet

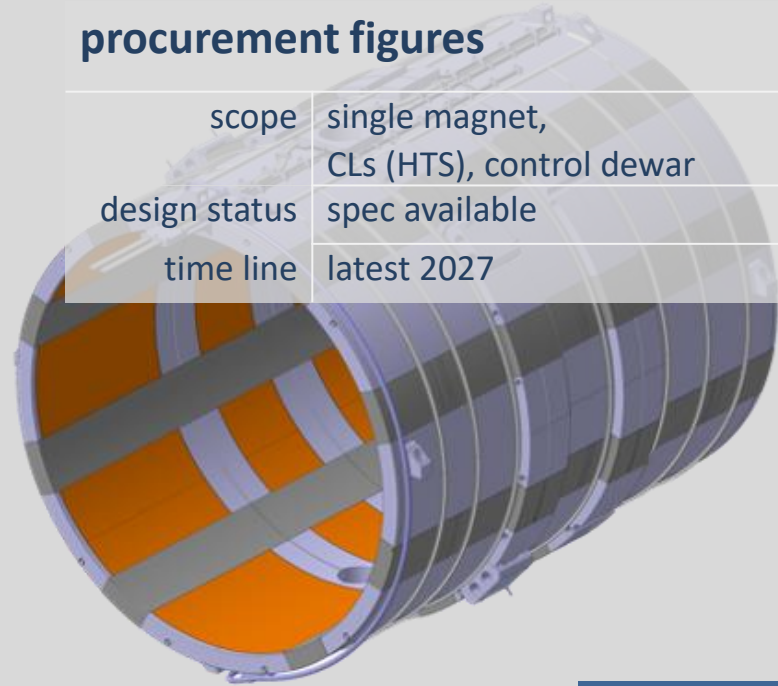


antiproton – proton collisions

| | |
|-----------------------|---|
| design | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>instrumented yoke, solenoid</i>• <i>thermosiphon</i>• <i>(fully) self protecting</i> |
| dimensions | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>huge aperture: $d = 1.8 \text{ m}$</i>• <i>$\sim 360 \text{ t}$</i> |
| field strength | 2 T |
| current | 5 kA |

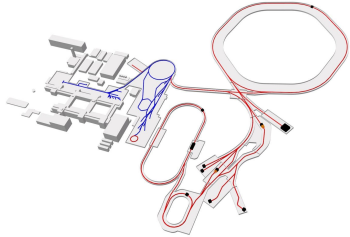
procurement figures

| | |
|---------------|--|
| scope | single magnet, CLs (HTS), control dewar |
| design status | spec available |
| time line | latest 2027 |



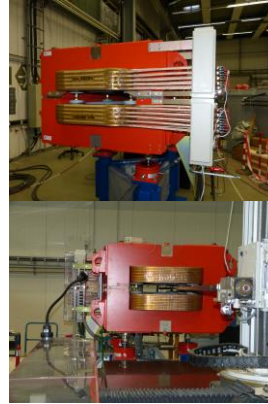
1.8 m

solenoid cold mass



HTS cables

- next-gen accelerator magnet
- power transfer



HTS coil replacement
energy saving compared to
NC beam line magnets



Collector ring
re-consideration of SC
design

procurement needs: superconducting magnets for FAIR

| | time line | status | | # of magnets |
|----------------------|-----------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------|
| | | model | spec | |
| SIS100 units | asap | Q4/22 (in revision) | Q4/22 (in revision) | 3 |
| CBM | | ok | 10/22 | 1 |
| APPA | | ok | ok | 4 |
| Super-FRS EB dipoles | 2025 | Q4/22 | Q4/22 | 3 |
| PANDA | 2027 | ok | ok | 1 |
| Collector Ring | mid-term | concept studies | | 26 (+ 29) |
| Beam line upgrade | | concept studies | | tbd |
| HTS cable | | concept studies | | n/a |



thank you very much



Our current
procurements

Additional slides

It's easy to do business with FAIR:



- We buy the vast majority of our needs in open competition
- We have no principle of *juste retour*: the most competitive offer wins, regardless of nationality or EU membership.

Here's what you need to do:

- Present your portfolio and references to the FAIR/GSI team or send them to our industry contact officer: s.utermaann@gsi.de.
- Check our website for upcoming procurements
- Please contact your country's industry liaison officer. It is their job to advocate for you.
- Reach out to other companies in your country. Consider consortia.
- If you are based in one of our shareholder countries: check the tenders of your country's shareholder (see the BSBF procurement handbook)



Our current
procurements

https://www.gsi.de/en/start/business_industry

In addition, if you are in a shareholder country,

- Please contact your country's industry liaison officer. It is their job to advocate for you.
- Reach out to other companies in your country. Consider consortia.
- Please check the tenders of your country's shareholder (see the BSBF procurement handbook):

| Country | Shareholder | Tender site |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| Finland (in consortium with Sweden) | Vetenskapsrådet | www.vr.se |
| France | CEA and CNRS | www.marches-publics.gouv.fr |
| Germany | GSI GmbH | www.dtv.de |
| India | Bose Institute | www.thetenders.com/all-India-Tenders |
| Poland | Jagiellonian University | opentender.eu/pl |
| Romania | Ministry of Research and Innovation | anap.gov.ro |
| Slovenia | Ministry of Education, Science and Sport | opentender.eu/si |
| Sweden (in consortium with Finland) | Vetenskapsrådet | www.vr.se |

Shareholders worldwide

Shareholders

- Finland
- France
- Germany
- India
- Poland
- Romania
- Russia
- Sweden
- Slovenia

Associated

- United Kingdom

Aspirant

- Czech Republic



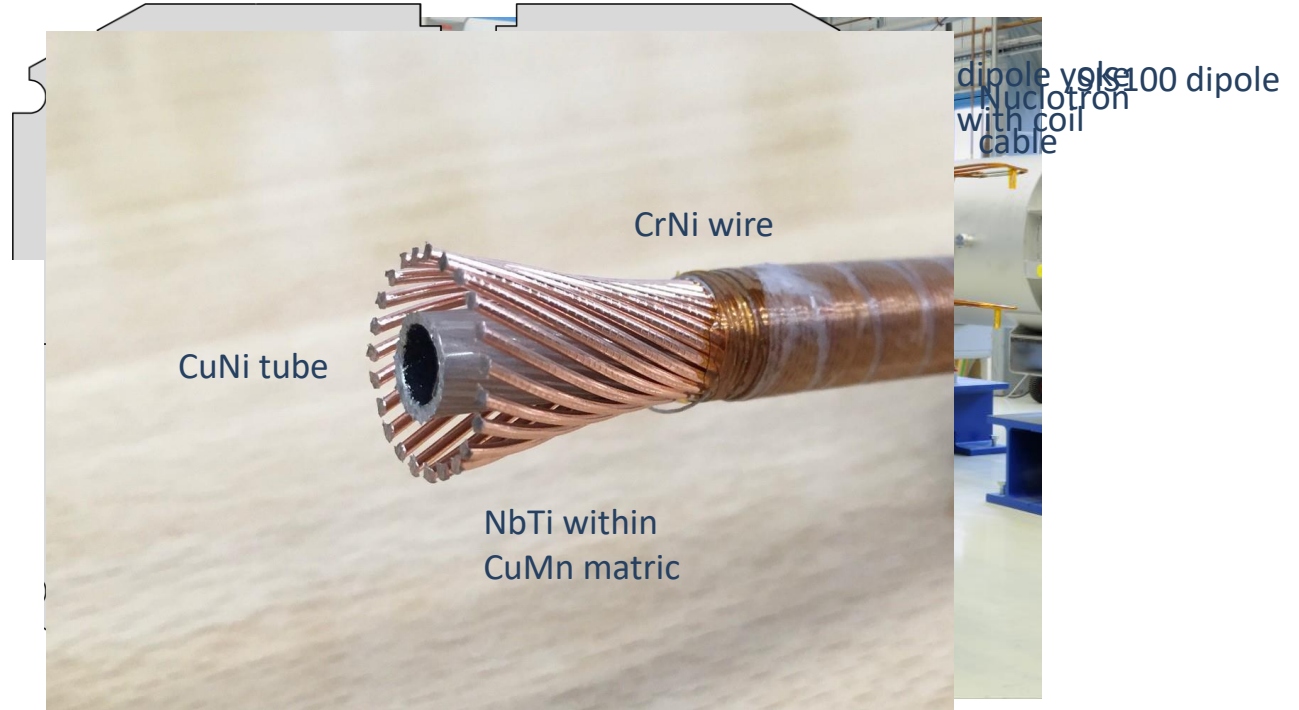
SIS100

type and specs

iron dominated – window frame

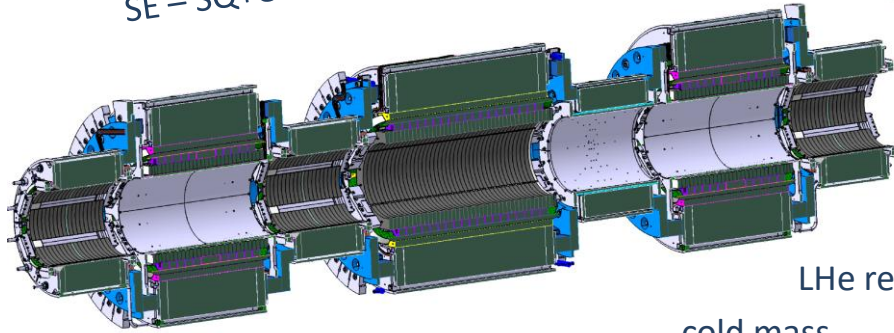
Nuclotron NbTi cable

forced flow two-phase He

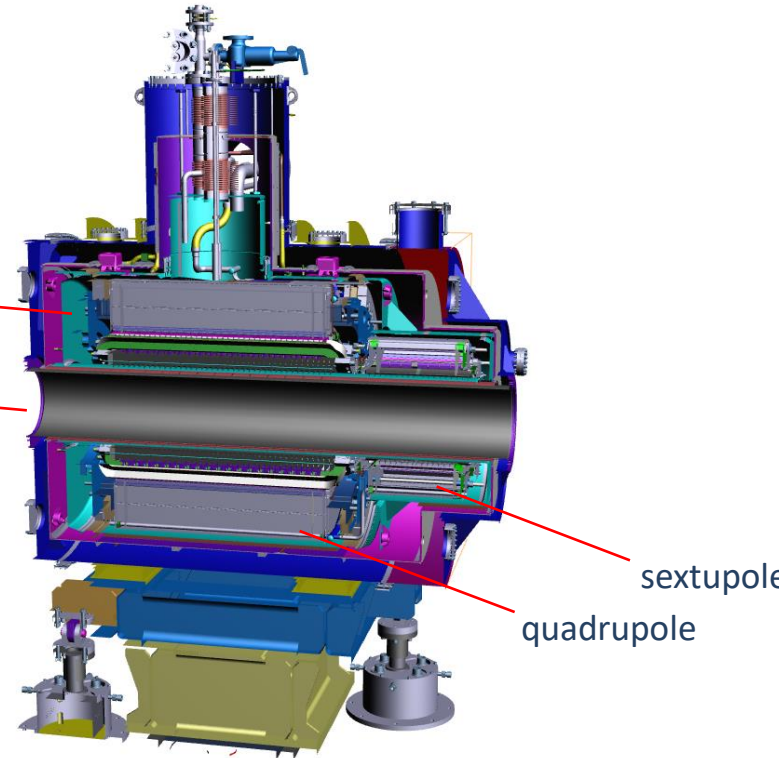


SUPER-FRS

SE - SQ+OC - SE - LQ - ST - SQ+OC - SE



LHe reservoir
cold mass
warm bore

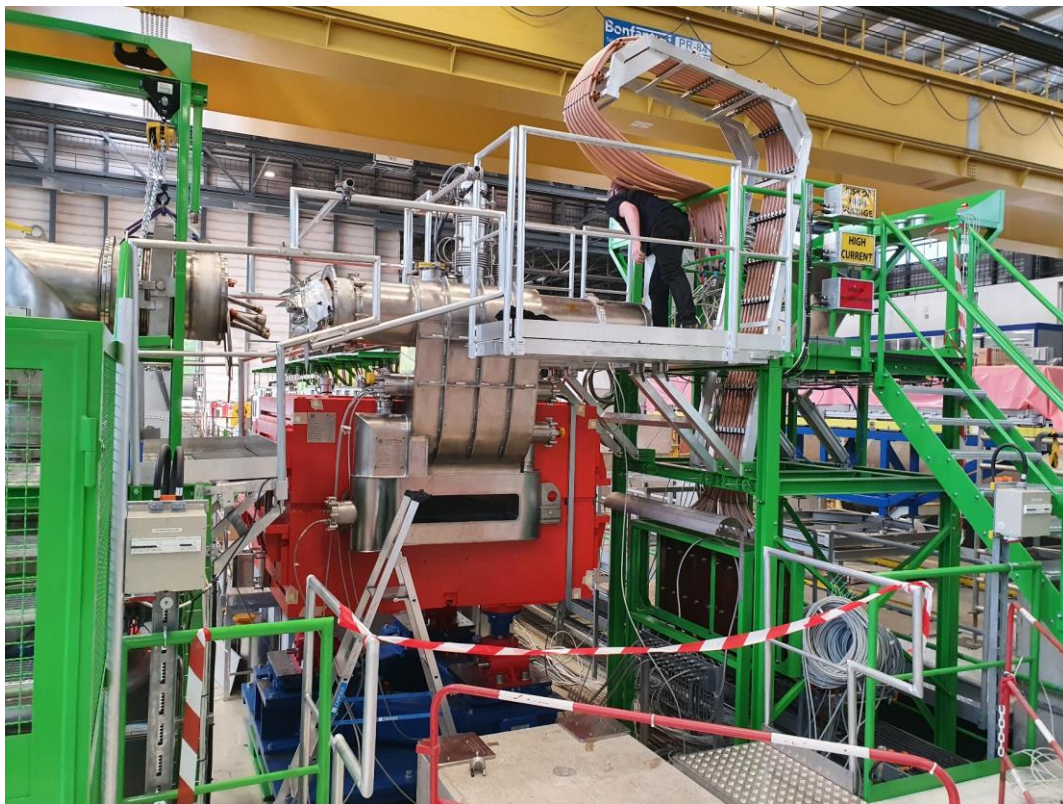


Multiplets



FoS LM (front)

FoS SM (back)



Thermosiphon

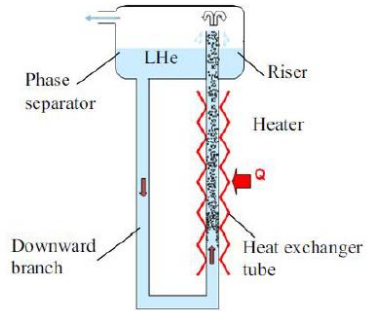


Figure 10: schematic of a helium 2-phase circulation open loop

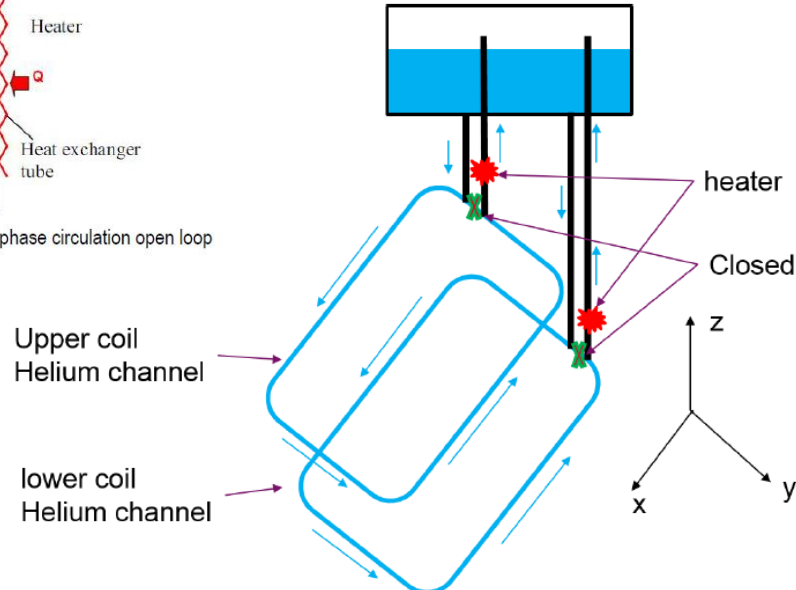
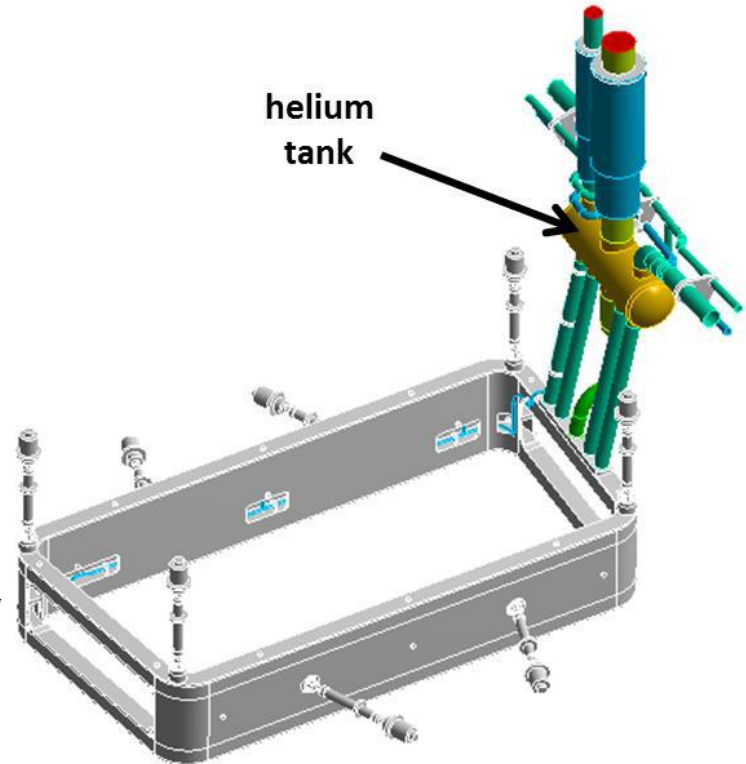


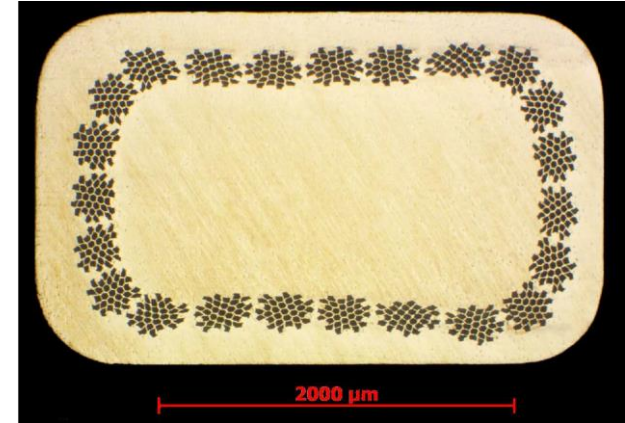
Figure 11: schematic of Super FRS thermosiphon loops

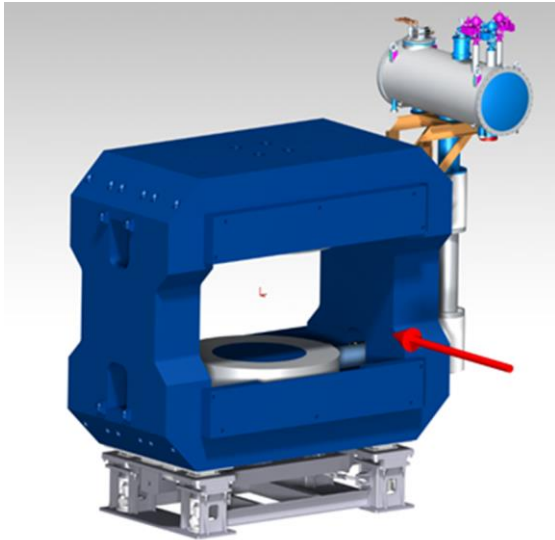


CBM

Table 2. The main parameters of the manufactured SC wires

| Cable # | Length, km | Height Width, mm | Cu/nonCu | Critical current at 8 T, A | RRR | Number of filaments | Diameter of filaments, μm | Yield strength, MPa | Twist pitch, mm |
|--------------|------------|------------------|----------|----------------------------|-----|---------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| 1-c3-37-2-18 | 5.2 | 2.02 3.25 | 6.994 | >764 | 217 | 713 | 38 | 115 | 39 |
| 1-c3-37-3-18 | 5.4 | 2.02 3.25 | 6.610 | >820 | 223 | 713 | 39 | 145 | 39 |
| 1-c3-37-4-18 | 5.5 | 2.02 3.25 | 6.825 | >786 | 214 | 713 | 38 | 122 | 38 |
| 1-c3-37-5-18 | 5.4 | 2.02 3.25 | 6.704 | >800 | 209 | 713 | 38 | 138 | 38 |
| 1-c3-37-6-18 | 5.5 | 2.02 3.25 | 6.987 | >779 | 200 | 713 | 38 | 122 | 38 |
| 1-c3-37-7-18 | 5.5 | 2.02 3.25 | 6.705 | >799 | 208 | 713 | 38 | 123 | 38 |





| Main parameters of the CBM magnet | |
|--|-------|
| Magnetic field integral along 1 m about the center, T*m | 1.02 |
| Maximal magnetic field on the coils, T | 3.6 |
| Inner diameter of the SC winding, m | 1.396 |
| Vertical distance between the poles, m | 1.47 |
| Operating current, A | 666 |
| Number of turns per coil | 1716 |
| Total current, MA | 1.143 |
| Number of layers | 52 |
| Stored energy at test current, MJ | 5.0 |
| Coils cold mass, kg | 3600 |
| Operating temperature, K | 4.5 |
| Inductance at operating current, H | 21 |
| Vertical force acting on the coils toward the iron yoke, MN* | 3.0 |
| Total weight of the yoke, kg | 150 |

Table 1 Superconducting coil parameters

| Coils parameters | Values |
|--|------------------|
| Inner cold diameter of the winding, mm | 1396 |
| Cross section cold sizes of the winding: | |
| height, mm | 132 |
| radial thickness, mm | 157 |
| Number of turns in one coil (33x52) | 1716 |
| Number of layers in one coil | 52 |
| Interlayer insulation, mm | 0.3 |
| Operating current I_0 , A | 666 ² |
| Test current, $I_0 \cdot 1.05$, A | 700 |
| Magnetic field on the coil B_{max} , T | 3.6 |
| I_0/I_c ratio along the load line, % | ~50 |
| I_0/I_c at fixed B, % | 20 |
| Helium temperature, K | 4.5 |
| Temperature of current sharing, K | 6.8 |
| Stored energy of the magnet, MJ | 4.9 |
| Cold mass of one coil, kg | ~ 1800 |
| Cold mass of one coil SC winding, kg | 800 |
| Inductance of the magnet at operating current, H | ~22.1 |
| E/M ratio for two windings, kJ/kg | 3.1 |
| Mutual inductance between the coils, H | 0.21 |
| Vertical force on one coil toward the yoke, MN | 3.0 |

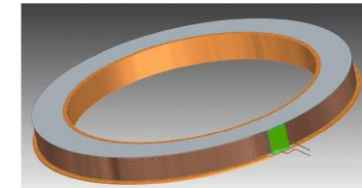
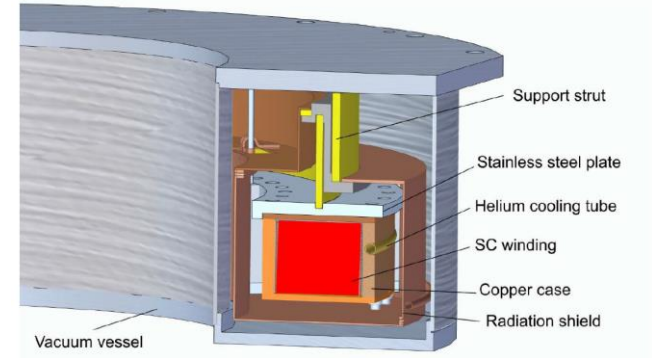
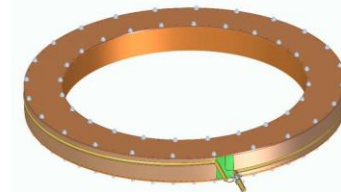
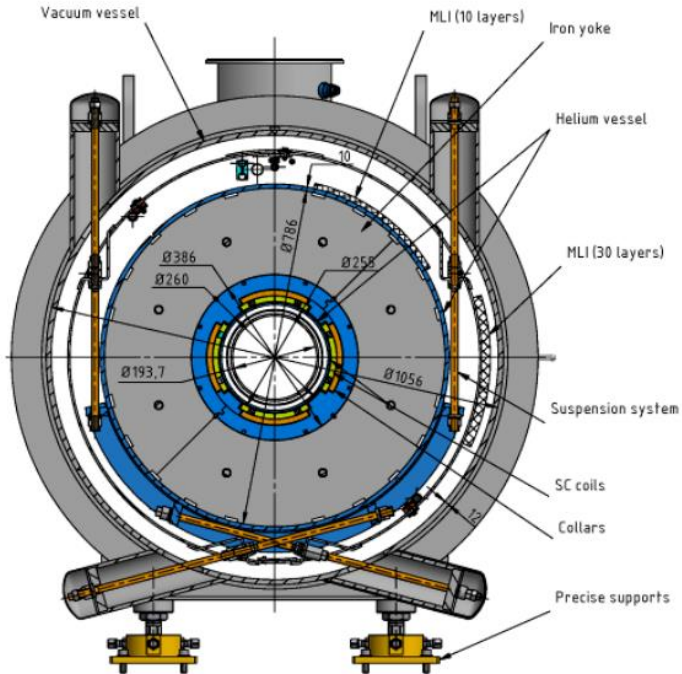


Fig. 8 The superconducting coil after the first impregnation with epoxy resin. The green part is an assertion of G-10 material.



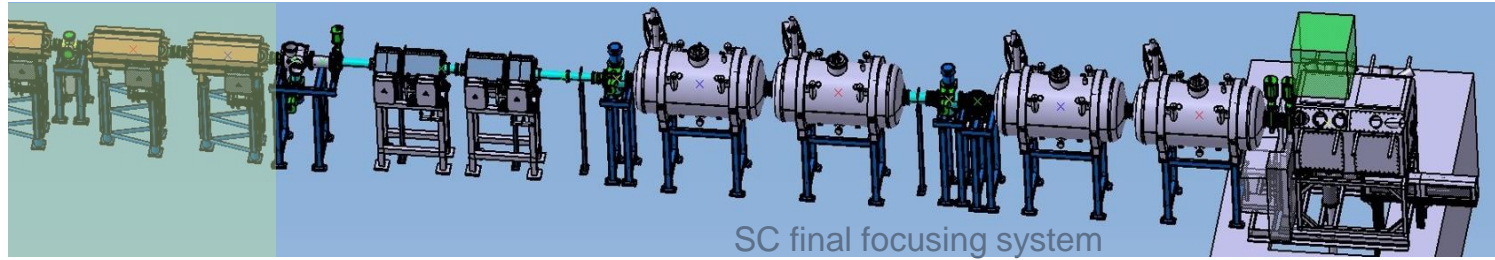
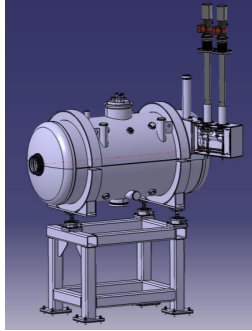
APPA

Quadrupole Specs



| Name of magnet | | FFS super-conducting quadrupoles for HED@FAIR |
|--|-----|---|
| Design | | Cos- θ type quadrupole Rutherford-type sc cable |
| operating mode | | DC, no ramping |
| Quantity of magnets | | 4 |
| coil inner diameter | mm | 260 |
| distance between quadrupole centres of two nearby quadrupoles | m | 2,5 |
| Effect. (magn.) length | m | 2 |
| integral of field gradient | T | 66 |
| central gradient (G_0) | T/m | 33 |
| region of a good field quality (r_0) | mm | 110 |
| lowest harmonics (6-th and 10-th), 6-th integral field harmonics | | $< \pm 2 \times 10^{-4}$ |
| operating temperature | K | 4,4 |
| temperature margin | K | < 1 |
| compatible with a warm ion beam pipe | | |
| Beam pipe interface | | CF 200 rotatable flange |

Overview



4 large-aperture (inner diameter: 260 mm) high-gradient (integral field gradient: 66T) superconducting $\cos\theta$ quadrupoles

1280 m Rutherford type sc cable winded in 2-layer coils

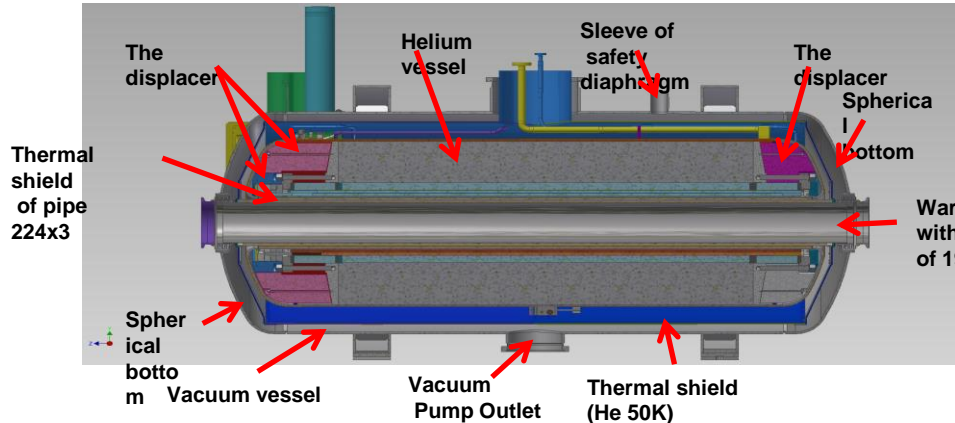
Collars and iron yoke (approx. 8 t), liquid He cooled

Pressure vessel according AD2000

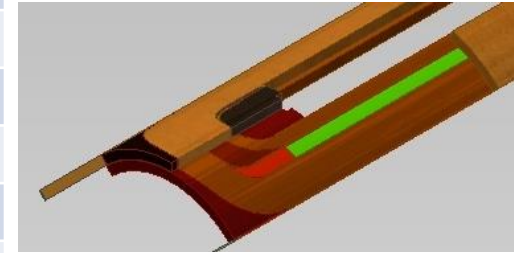
Thermal shield and cryostat

Incl. alignment feed and stand

Existing design and construction drawings



| | |
|--|---------------|
| Superconducting alloy | NbTi |
| Titanium percentage, % | 50 ± 4 |
| Matrix material | copper |
| Wire diameter, mm | $0.85+0.03$ |
| Filament diameter, μm | 6 |
| Filling factor | $0.42+-0.02$ |
| Twist pitch, mm | $10+-2$ |
| Residual Resistance Ratio (RRR) of matrix | ≥ 70 |
| Critical current at $B = 5 \text{ T}$, $T = 4.23 \text{ K}$, A | 600 ± 50 |
| Critical current density at $B = 5 \text{ T}$, $T = 4.23 \text{ K}$, kA/mm^2 | 2.5 ± 0.1 |



Polyimide film (3x0,025mm)

Fiberglass with an adhesive layer of 0,1 mm

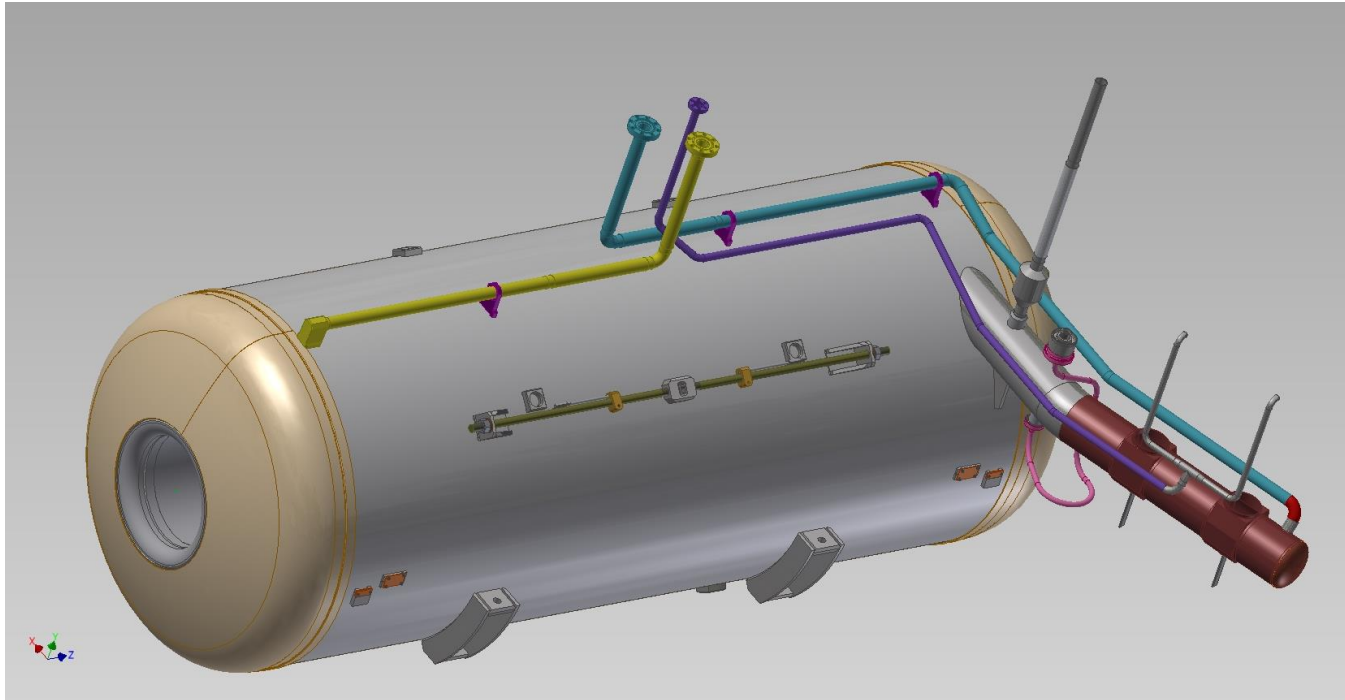


Function

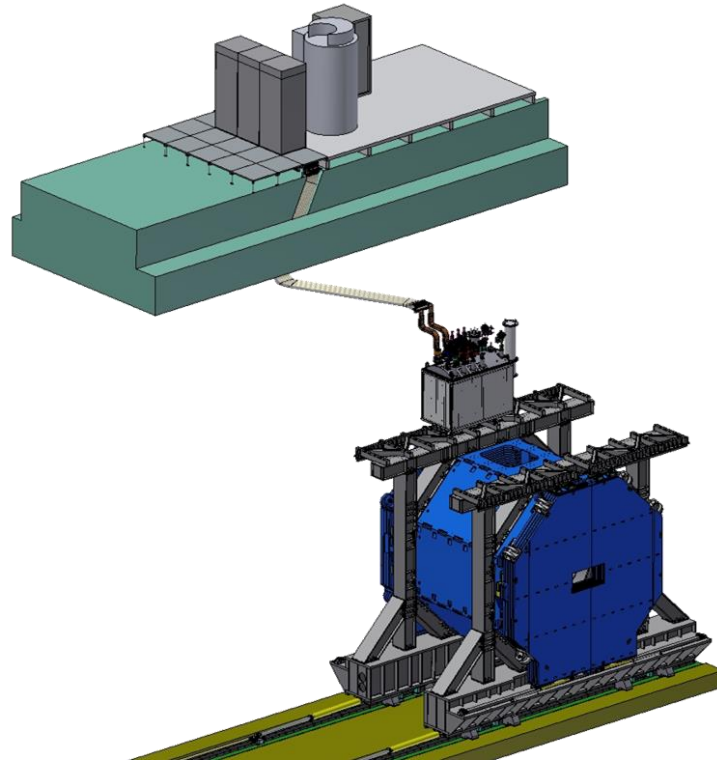
4 super conducting (33 T/m) large aperture (260 mm) quadrupoles

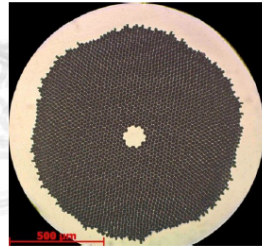
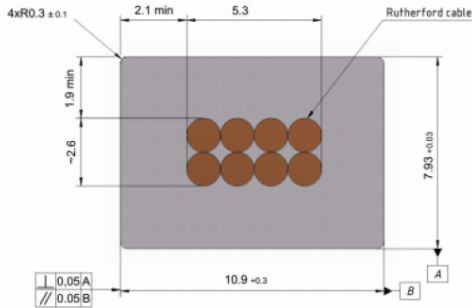
Key component for the HIHEX and LAPLAS experiments. The energy that can be deposited in the target with the ion beam is a key parameter for HED experiments and therefore the achievable ion beam intensity and focal spot size are of utmost importance. In order to maximize the energy deposition, it is necessary to use a heavy ion beam with a low charge state and very high intensity, which in turn requires focussing magnets with a very strong magnetic field together with large apertures for focusing the beam to a spot size of about 1 mm in diameter.

cryo supply and current leads connection



PANDA





Status of Production

- SC strand production started at VNIINM Bochvar
- Extrusion tests at SARKO, tools and heater from BINP
- Contract for Rutherford cable with VNIKP
- Pure Aluminum available, production of 9 mm wire with VNIINM Bochvar
- Production was to be completed in 2022

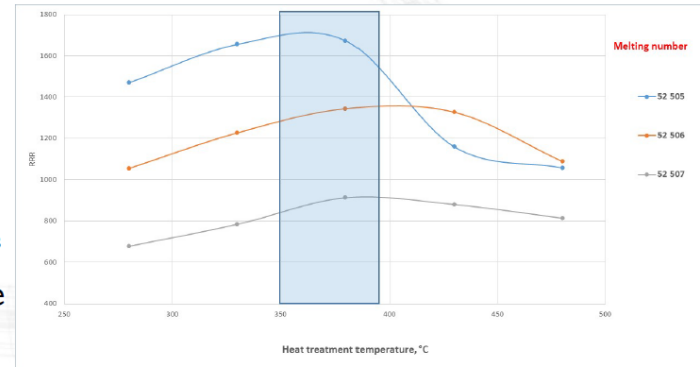
SC Strands

- 1600m sample tested
- All parameters to specs
- High quality of conductor shown by x2 RRR and n

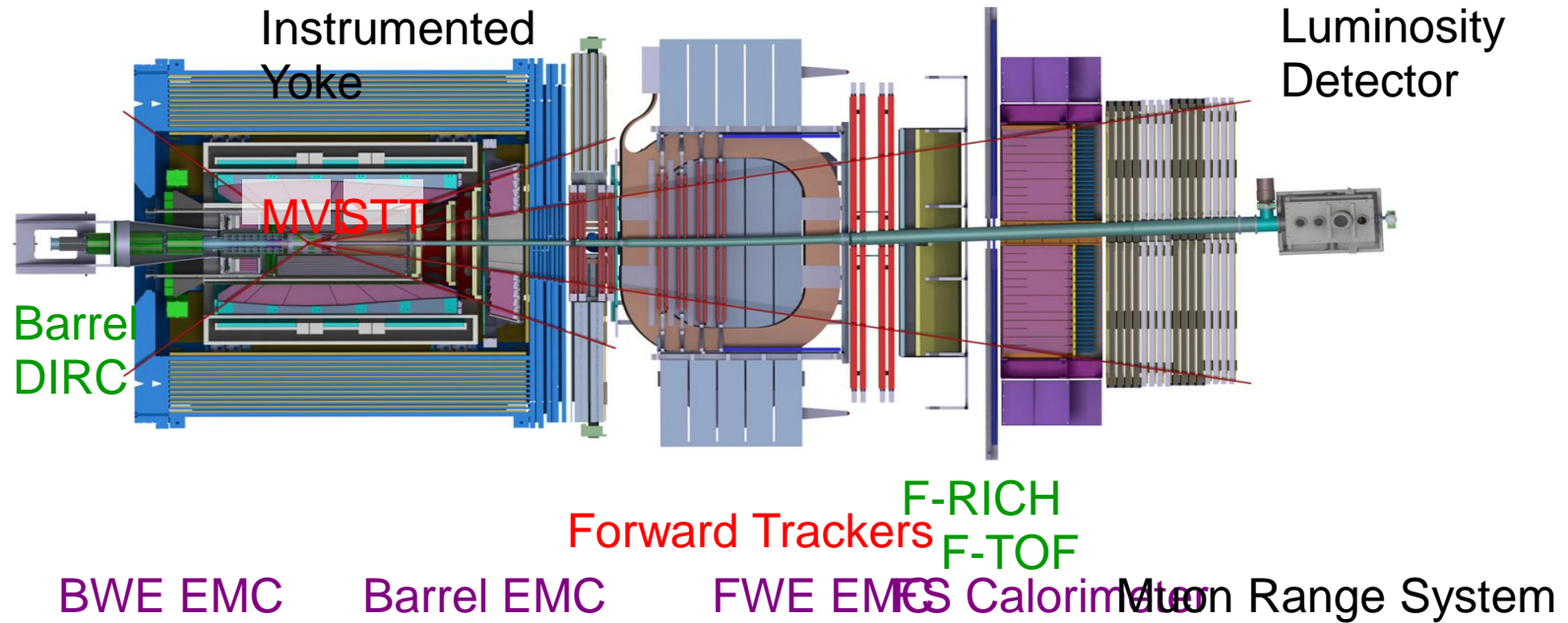
Aluminum Extrusion

- Wire production optimal at 350 – 380°C: RRR>10³
- First 1000m A95 Cu cable
- SC 80m sample A995
- PANDA conductor 8km

| Parameter | Unit | Certified | | 1-C2-1P-1-21/1 > 1400 m |
|----------------------------------|------|-----------|-----------|----------------------------|
| | | Value | Tolerance | |
| Diameter filament | µm | < 20 | - | |
| Diameter strand | mm | 1.400 | ± 0.005 | |
| Cu/SC ratio | - | .50/.50 | ± 0.05 | /0.5187 |
| Critical current (at 4.2 K, 5 T) | A | > 2160 | - | 2220 |
| n-value (at 4.2 K, 5 T) | - | > 30 | - | 71* |
| Conductor RRR | - | > 100 | - | 196 |
| Twist direction | - | left | - | left |
| Twist pitch | mm | 25 | ± 5 | 22 |



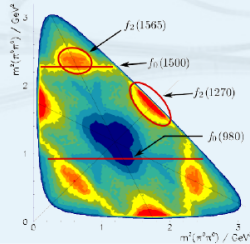
View from top



Bound States of Strong Interaction

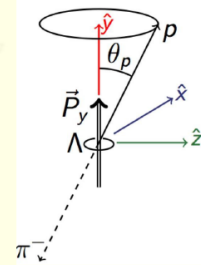
Spectroscopy

- New narrow XYZ:
 - Search for partners
 - Measure lineshapes
- Production of exotic QCD states:
Glueballs & hybrids of all quantum numbers



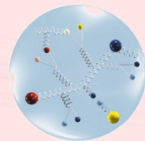
Strangeness

- Hyperon spectroscopy:
excited states largely unknown
- Hyperon polarisation:
accessible by weak decay, parity and CP observables



Nucleon Structure

- Generalized parton distributions:
Orbital angular momentum
- Drell Yan: *Transverse structure, valence anti-quarks*
- Time-like form factors:
Low and high E, e^+e^- and mu^+mu^-
Unphysical region: e^+e^-pi^0



Nuclear Hadron Physics

- Hypernuclear physics:
 - Hyperatoms
 - Double Lambda hypernuclei
 - YN and YY interactions
- Hadrons in nuclei:
Charm and strangeness in the medium

